

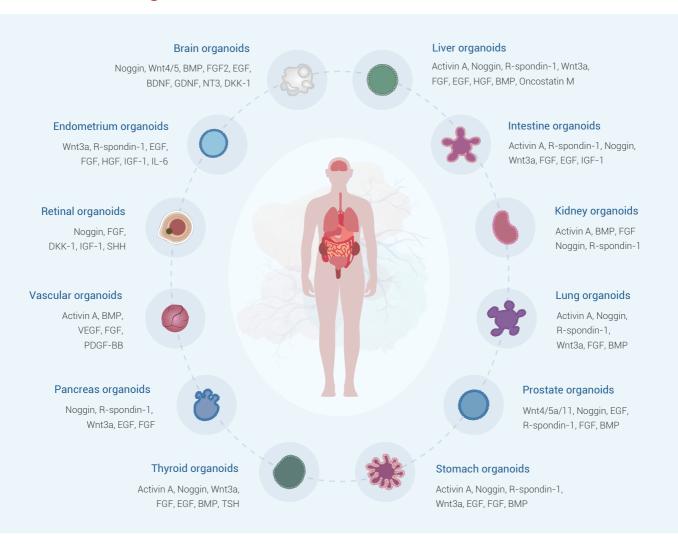
Organoid Culture

An organoid is an *in vitro* 3D multicellular tissue construct that mimics the complex structure and functionality of the corresponding organ.

Organoids recapitulate multiple tissue-specific biological parameters including the spatial organization of heterogeneous tissue-specific cells, cell-cell interactions, cell-matrix interactions, and certain physiological functions. They are more physiologically relevant than monolayer culture models and are far more amenable to manipulation of niche components, signaling pathways and genome editing than *in vivo* models.

- High Purity Superior Biological Activity Excellent Lot-to-Lot Consistency
- GMP-Grade Proteins Low Endotoxin Levels

Proteins for Organoid Culture

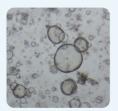


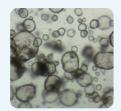
Organoid Related Products

Inhibitors/Agonists				
Product Name	Cat. No	Function		
Gastrin	HY-P1097	A hormone with mitogenic effect on gastric cells. Used in stomach organoids culture.		
Laduviglusib	HY-10182	A selective GSK3 inhibitor that can be used for the generation of organoid.		
Y-27632	HY-10583	A ROCK inhibitor; used to increase the proliferation and reduce apoptosis of progenitor cells.		
A 83-01	HY-10432	An inhibitor of TGF-β type I receptor ALK5, the Activin/Nodal receptor ALK4 and ALK7.		
SB-431542	HY-10431	A selective TGF-β type I Receptor inhibitor; the addition of SB431542 in the culture medium prevents spontaneous differentiation of mouse embryonic stem cells.		

	Recombinant Proteins		
Proteins Category	Function	Product Name	Cat. No
Wnt	An essential niche component for maintaining the proliferation of Lgr5-positive stem cells in various organoids, such as the intestinal, gastric, pancreatic and liver organoids.	Human Wnt3a Surrogate Human Wnt3a	HY-P70453C HY-P70453A
EGF	A growth factor for epithelial tissues; binding to EGF receptors, induces hyperplasic changes. Used for the generation of intestinal, liver, thyroid, and brain organoids.	Human EGF Mouse EGF	HY-P7109 HY-P70590
Noggin	An inhibitor of bone morphogenetic proteins that modulates cellular differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis.	Human Noggin Mouse Noggin	HY-P7051A HY-P7086
R-spondin	The ligand of Lgr5 and a niche factor that is required for the self-renewal of stem cells and activates Wnt signaling. An essential additive of the organoid culture system.	Human R-spondin-1 Mouse R-spondin-1	HY-P7114 HY-P76012
FGF	FGFs play crucial roles in a wide variety of cellular functions, including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, morphogenesis, and differentiation, as well as in tissue repair and regeneration. In a 3D extracellular matrix, FGF-2, FGF-7, FGF-9, and FGF-10 promote lung organoid formation.	Human FGF-4 Human FGF-7 Human FGF-9 Human FGF-10 Human FGF-19 Human FGF-basic/ FGF-2	HY-P7014 HY-P7047A HY-P7177 HY-P70695 HY-P7172 HY-P7004
ВМР	BMPs play crucial roles in embryogenesis and development, and also in maintenance of adult tissue homeostasis. BMP-2 and BMP-4 are widely used in in vitro generation of hepatic cells from iPSCs and ESCs.	Human BMP-4 Human BMP-7 Human/Mouse/ Rat BMP-2	HY-P7007 HY-P7008 HY-P7006
VEGF	VEGF-A is required during embryogenesis to regulate the proliferation, migration, and survival of endothelial cells. It is used in the generation of vascular organoids.	Human VEGF-A Mouse VEGF-A	HY-P7420 HY-P7312
PDGF	PDGF-BB induces vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMC) specification and cell differentiation in the vascular.	Mouse PDGF-BB	HY-P70699
HGF	A known hepatocyte mitogen that can be used for the liver organoid culture.	Human HGF	HY-P7121
Activin A	A cytokine with multiple roles in development and homeostasis. In the case of intestinal organoids, it activates TGF- β signaling in PSCs to trigger endodermal differentiation.	Human/Mouse/ Rat Activin A	HY-P70311
DKK	A canonical WNT inhibitor that can induce retinal progenitors for self-organization.	Human DKK-1	HY-P7155A

HY-K6004 Basement Membrane Matrix GFR (Left)
HY-K6007 Basement Membrane Matrix for
Organoid Culture (Right)
Culture of human gastric cancer organoid Day 9

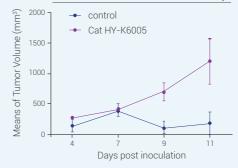




HY-K6005 Basement Membrane Matrix HC (Phenol Red)

Subcutaneous tumor formation in 4-5 week old BALB/c-nu mice Day 11

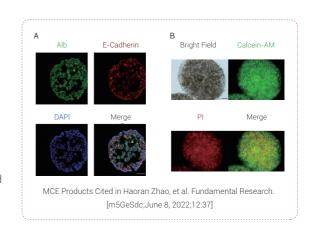
HCT-116 s.c. tumor surveillance for 11 days



Example — Generation of Reproducible Kidney Organoids.

Experimental Details

Droplet-engineered organoids (DEOs) were derived from mouse liver tissues and human liver tumors. The organoids were cultured in the corresponding culture medium. For mouse liver DEOs: Basal medium DMEM/F12 supplemented with 20% fetal bovine serum (HY-T1000), 1% Penicillin-Streptomycin, Noggin (HY-P7086), R-spondin 1 (HY-P76012), EGF, SB431542 (HY-10431), CHIR99021, FGF4 (HY-P72649), FGF-basic (HY-P7066), Y-27632, etc. For human liver tumor DEOs: basal medium DMEM/F12 supplemented with 20% FBS, 1% Penicillin-Streptomycin, Noggin (HY-P70558), R-spondin 1 (HY-P72784), EGF, FGF-basic (HY-P7004), Y-27632, etc.



References:

[1] Exp Hematol Oncol. 2018 Dec 5;7:30. [2] Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol. 2020 Oct;21(10):571-584.

[3] Development. 2020 Dec 24;147(24):dev189746.

 $[4] \ \textbf{Haoran Zhao, et al. Fundamental Research}. \ [m5 GeSdc; June~8, 2022; 12:37]$

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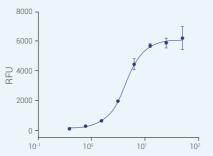
Proteins Category	Function	Product Name	Cat. No
IGF-I	IGF-I/IGF-1 coordinate proliferation, differentiation, and maturation of neuroepithelial precursor cells. IGF-1 facilitates the generation of retinal organoids that display the typical laminated structure and photoreceptor maturation.	Human IGF-I/IGF-1 Mouse IGF-I/IGF-1	HY-P7018 HY-P7070

Basement Membrane Matrix						
Cat. No	Product Name	Application				
HY-K6001	Basement Membrane Matrix (Phenol Red)	In vitro angiogenesis, tumor cell migration or invasion				
HY-K6002	Basement Membrane Matrix	In vitro angiogenesis, tumor cell migration or invasion				
HY-K6003	Basement Membrane Matrix GFR (Phenol Red)	Organoid culture, in vitro angiogenesis				
HY-K6004	Basement Membrane Matrix GFR	Organoid culture, in vitro angiogenesis				
HY-K6005	Basement Membrane Matrix HC (Phenol Red)	Transplantation/induction of tumorigenic models such as PDX, CDX				
HY-K6006	Basement Membrane Matrix IPSC-qualified	Stem cell expansion and differentiation				
HY-K6007	Basement Membrane Matrix for Organoid Culture	Organoid culture				

Organoid Culture Kit				
	Cat. No	Product Name	Cat. No	Product Name
	HY-K6101	Human Breast Cancer Organoid Kit	HY-K6107	Human Cervical Cancer Organoid Kit
Tumor Organoid Medium	HY-K6102	Human Lung Adenocarcinoma Organoid Kit	HY-K6108	Human Esophageal Cancer Organoid Kit
	HY-K6103	Human Small Cell Lung Cancer Organoid Kit	HY-K6109	Human Endometrial Cancer Organoid Kit
	HY-K6104	Human Colorectal Cancer Organoid Kit	HY-K6110	Human Pancreatic Cancer Organoid Kit
	HY-K6105	Human Gastric Cancer Organoid Kit	HY-K6111	Human Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma Organoid Kit
	HY-K6106	Human Cholangiocarcinoma Organoid Kit		
Normal Tissue Organoid Culture Medium	HY-K6112	Human Colonic Organoid Kit	HY-K6117	Human Liver Ductal Organoid (expansion) Kit
	HY-K6113	Human Intestinal Organoid Kit	HY-K6118	Mouse Liver Ductal Organoid (expansion) Kit
	HY-K6114	Human Gastric Epithelial Organoid Kit	HY-K6119	Mouse Intestinal Organoid Kit
	HY-K6115	Human Pancreatic Organoid Kit	HY-K6120	Mouse Colonic Organoid Kit
	HY-K6116	Human Kidney Tubular Organoid Kit		

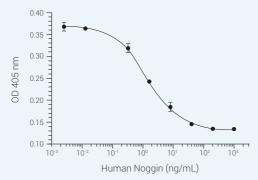
Experiment validation

Measured by its ability to induce Topflash reporter activity in HEK293T human embryonic kidney cells. The ED_{50} for this effect is 5.2 ng/mL.



Human Wnt3a Surrogate-Fc Fusion Conc. (ng/mL)

The IC_{50} is 1.523 ng/mL, as measured by its ability to inhibit BMP-4-induced alkaline phosphatase production by ATDC5 mouse chondrogenic cells.

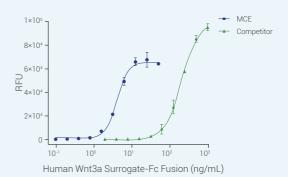


HY-K6001 Basement Membrane Matrix (Phenol Red) (Left)
HY-K6002 Basement Membrane Matrix (Right)
Angiogenesis in HUVEC cells 4 h

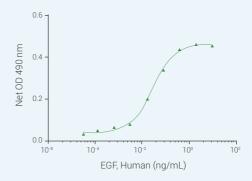




The ED₅₀ of human Wnt3a Surrogate from MCE's each Lot is lower than of Competitor P.



The ED_{50} is <0.2 ng/mL as measured by murine BALB/c 3T3 cells.



HY-K6004 Basement Membrane Matrix GFR (Left)
HY-K6007 Basement Membrane Matrix for
Organoid Culture (Right)
Culture of mouse intestinal organoid Day 6



